Information on Availability of Hospital Diet for Patients

A. J. Hospital and Research Centre has a full-fledged diet kitchen to provide balanced food to patients.

- Diet food is compulsory in the critical care sections like all the ICUs and cardiac patients.
- Therapeutic diet is provided to patients such as diabetic, renal, cancer and others on reference from consultants.
- Normal diet includes five meals breakfast, lunch, dinner and two snacks at midmorning and evening for patients for whom it is not convenient to bring food from home.

Types of Diet Provided

Normal Diet: Balanced diet given to all normal patients without any special needs and therapeutic conditions. Kindly inform your nursing counter for requirements. Cost will be added in your final bill.

Therapeutic Diet: Given to patients with various therapeutic conditions. It Includes following:

- Diabetic diet
- Renal diet (for kidney disorders)
- Hypertensive diet
- High protein diet
- Cardiac diet
- Antenatal, postnatal diet
- Pediatric diet

Special Diets: Provided for patients with special needs with modifications in the consistency, texture or taste. They include:

- Tube feeds (Nasogastric, Jejunostomy)
- Semi-solid diet
- Liquid diet
- Soft diet
- Bland diet (low fat, low fiber, low spice)

Departments & Facilities at A. J. Hospital & Research Centre

SUPER SPECIALITIES

ardiology

Cardiothoracic Surger

docrinology

nergency Medicir

nergency Medicine

Medical Oncology

ephrology

Neurology

Neuro Surgery

Pain & Palliative Medicin

Plastic & Microvascular Surgery

Radiation Oncology

Surgical Oncology

Urology, Andrology &

SPECIALITIES

Anaesthesiology

Dentistry

ENT

General Medicin

General Surgery

OBG

Ophthalmology

Orthopaedics

Paediatrics

Filysiotile

Psychiatry

Pulmonary Medic

SUPPORT DEPARTMENTS

Ambulance

Cafeteria & Dietar

Casualty

Component Blood Bank

Computerised X-Ray

Cornerate Deels

Corporate Desk

aboratory

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Pharmacy

SPECIAL EQUIPMENT

Automated Digital X-

CT Scan 128 Slice Dual Source

Cathlal

Computer Navigated System

DEXA Scan

EEC 2. ENIMO

chocardiogra

Gamma Camera

Linar Accolorator

Liner Accelerate

Lithotripsy

Mammography

PET CT

zpirometr znaz

Ultrasound, 4D, TV, TF

Urodynamic Lab Video-Endoscopy

INTENSIVE CARE UNITS

Burns ICU

Cardiac ICU

Cardiothoracic ICL

Medical ICO

Neonatai icu

Paediatric ICI

Respiratory ICL

bulgical ICO

SPECIALITY CLINICS

Breast Health Clin

Diabotic Clinic

Diabetic Cillic

Joint Replacement & Arthroscopy

Minimally Invasive Surgery Unit

Podiatry Clinic







DIET



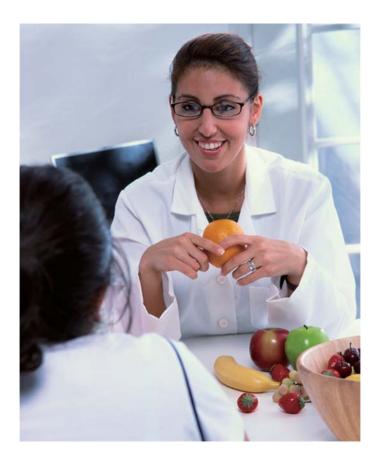
Division of DIET AND NUTRITION



A. J. Hospital & Research Centre

Division of

DIET AND NUTRITION



Diet and lifestyle diseases like diabetes, cardiovascular diseases, kidney disorders, liver disease and obesity are the NCDs (noncommunicable diseases) whose number is rapidly increasing. Diet and lifestyle are two of the preventive and controllable factors for these diseases which have to be modified in order to be healthy. Hence diet counselling becomes an important aspect of healthcare.

A. J. Hospital & Research Centre has a full fledged diet department with qualified dieticians which takes care of patient catering and diet counselling. Therapeutic diet in hospital helps in faster patient recovery and reduces the duration of hospital stay.

Department Functions

- Diet counselling for inpatients and outpatient
- Nutritional assessment of all inpatients
- Diet food provision for all the critical care patients
- Therapeutic food provision in wards

Outpatient Diet Couselling

Cardiovascular Disease

Modern day lifestyle is the major cause of cardiac problems. Factors like smoking, inactivity, diet and stress increase the risk of coronary artery disease and hypertension. Diet and lifestyle counselling help in the management of cardiac diseases in the early stages.



Diet plays an important role in the genesis of obesity. Personal choices, advertising, social customs and cultural influences as well as food availability and pricing all play a role in determining what and how much an individual eats. As societies become increasingly reliant on energy-dense fast food meals, the association between fast food consumption and obesity becomes a cause for concern.

Due to changing lifestyle and eating habits obesity among children and adults is at an all time high in India. Obesity contributes to diabetes, hypertension, heart disease,



Coronary artery diseases which arise due to high cholesterol are directly linked to diet and lifestyle practices which can be modified.

Diabetes

Diabetes is one of the most common endocrine disorders whose complications affect the heart, brain, kidneys, eyes, nerves and feet. Diet and lifestyle changes help in controlling the condition as well as preventing further complications. Dietician, after taking a detailed diet recall from the patient, counsels him / her on the type of diet to be followed for diabetes and regular follow up for the same is essential.

osteoarthritis and several other problems. Dietician along with endocrinologist helps in the management of obesity and overweight to prevent further complications.

Kidney Disease

Kidney diseases require changes in the diet like limiting fluids, eating a low protein diet, restricting salt, phosphorous and other electrolytes to limit the build up of waste products in the body. Patients on dialysis however require special diet. Most dialysis patients urinate very little or not at all. Limiting fluids between treatments is very important. Without urination, fluid will build up in the body and lead to excess fluid in the heart, lungs and ankles. According to the nephrologists' recommendation the dietician will advice suitable diet to the patient.

For eating healthy and right consult the Dietician Timings: 10:00 a.m. to 2:00 p.m. in the OPD, AJHRC

Contact No: 0824-2225533 (Extension 170)